Compare and contrast the Charity Organization Society and Settlement House movement and their approaches to social welfare. Discuss their underlying philosophies regarding poverty and its cause and the way in which these philosophies affected their interventions. Discuss the accomplishments of each and their weaknesses. How are the two movements reflected in present social work? Describe what you personally view as most positive about each.

The paper must be written in APA style. A reference page is required. At least 4 references are required from journals or book chapters outside of the assigned readings.
Comparison and Contrast between Charity Organization Society and House Settlement Movement

The emergence of two organizations namely, Charity Organization Society and House Settlement Movement heralded the beginning of systematic and organized efforts for catering the poverty stricken families struck by the dilemmas of urbanization and industrialization. These organizations created awareness among the people that at some point some families do require assistance in order to cope up with the vicissitudes of urban living. This article discusses in detail the aims and objectives of both the organizations and also presents a comparison between the working scenarios adopted by them. It also explains how the social work being done today has been influenced by these organizations. Lastly, it also points out the weakness of each of them.

The Underlying Philosophy behind Charity Organization Society and House Settlement Movement

Charity Organization Society emerged due to the widespread poverty and the growth of urban slums in the late 1800s. It was developed due to several disputes and competition occurring between various charities and organizations in Britain and Ireland. The indiscrimination in the process of almsgiving was another major cause towards the development of Charity Organization Society, as a majority of the help was provided without proper investigation of the recipients. The pioneers of Charity Organization Society saw two vital needs of that time. One was to encourage and help the self-respecting families to take themselves out of destitution and the other need was the systematic and coordinated organization of charities in order to utilize the resources to the fullest (Morrison, 2010). This organization was centered on individualism rather than social institutions. The organization consisted of Middle and Upper